WORKPLACE BULLYING POLICY

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1. Purpose

APIC is committed to providing a safe and healthy work environment in which all workers are treated fairly, with dignity and respect. Bullying is a risk to the health and safety of the workplace. It is unacceptable and will not be tolerated by APIC.

This policy outlines APIC’s commitment to a safe workplace and is aimed at ensuring, so far as it reasonably can, that employees are not subjected to any form of bullying while at work. It also details the legal responsibilities of APIC and employees in relation to preventing bullying in the workplace.

2. Scope

This policy covers all employees of APIC (whether full-time, part-time or casual) and all persons performing work at the direction of, in connection with, or on behalf of APIC (for example contractors, subcontractors, agents, consultants, and temporary staff) (collectively “workers”).

This policy extends to all functions and places that are work related, for example, work lunches, conferences, Christmas parties and client functions. This Policy does not form part of any employee’s contract of employment nor does it form part of any contract for service.

3. Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repeated behaviour</td>
<td>Refers to the persistent nature of the behaviour and can refer to a range or pattern of behaviours over a period of time.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unreasonable behaviour</td>
<td>Behaviour that a reasonable person, having regard to all the circumstances, would expect to result in victimising, humiliating, undermining or threatening another person.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Workplace bullying</td>
<td>Verbal, physical, social or psychological abuse by another person or group of people at work.</td>
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4. Principles

Everyone at the workplace has a legal, as well as moral responsibility, to prevent bullying from occurring.

Under relevant health and safety legislation, APIC’s primary duty is to eliminate or minimise, as far as reasonable practicable, the risks to health and wellbeing in the workplace. This duty includes the implementation of strategies to prevent workplace bullying.

Workers are required to take reasonable care for their own health and wellbeing, as well as that of others at the College. They are required to also comply with any reasonable instruction given by APIC.
5. What is Workplace Bullying?

Workplace bullying is repeated and unreasonable behaviour directed towards a worker, or a group of workers, that creates a risk to health and safety. It includes both physical and psychological risks and abuse.

Bullying behaviours can take many different forms, from the obvious to the subtler:

- repeated hurtful remarks or attacks, or making fun of your work or you as a person (including your family, sex, sexuality, gender identity, race or culture, education or economic background);
- sexual harassment, particularly stuff like unwelcome touching and sexually explicit comments and requests that make you uncomfortable;
- excluding you or stopping you from working with people or taking part in activities that relate to your work;
- playing mind games, ganging up on you, or other types of psychological harassment;
- intimidation (making you feel less important and undervalued);
- giving you pointless tasks that have nothing to do with your job;
- giving you impossible jobs that can’t be done in the given time or with the resources provided;
- deliberately changing your work hours or schedule to make it difficult for you;
- deliberately holding back information you need for getting your work done properly;
- pushing, shoving, tripping, grabbing you in the workplace;
- attacking or threatening with equipment, knives, guns, clubs or any other type of object that can be turned into a weapon; and
- initiation or hazing - where you are made to do humiliating or inappropriate things in order to be accepted as part of the team.

The above examples do not represent a complete list of bullying behaviours. They are indicative of the type of behaviours which may constitute bullying and are totally unacceptable at APIC.

A single incident of unreasonable behaviour does not usually constitute bullying. However, it should not be ignored as it may have the potential to escalate into bullying behaviour. Your safety and wellbeing is important.

A person’s Intention is irrelevant when determining if bullying has occurred. Bullying can occur unintentionally, where actions which are not intended to victimise, humiliate, undermine or threaten a person actually have that effect.

Bullying in the workplace is harmful not only to the target of the behaviour but also damages the College’s culture and reputation. It is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.

Some types of workplace bullying are criminal offences. If you have experienced violence, assault and stalking you should report it directly to the police.
6. How Bullying Can Affect Your Work

If you are being bullied at work, you might:

• be less active or successful
• be less confident in your work
• feel scared, stressed, anxious or depressed
• have your life outside of work affected, e.g. study, relationships
• want to stay away from work
• feel like you can’t trust your employer or the people who you work with
• lack confidence and happiness about yourself and your work
• have physical signs of stress like headaches, backaches, sleep problems

7. What Does Not Constitute Workplace Bullying?

Managing staff does not constitute bullying, if it is done in a reasonable manner. Managers do have the right, and are obliged to, manage their staff. This includes directing the way in which work is performed, undertaking performance reviews and providing feedback (even if negative) and disciplining and counselling staff. Examples of reasonable management practices include:

• setting reasonable performance goals, standards and deadlines in consultation with workers and after considering their respective skills and experience
• allocating work fairly
• fairly rostering and allocating working hours
• transferring a worker for legitimate and explained operational reasons
• deciding not to select a worker for promotion, following a fair and documented process
• informing a worker about unsatisfactory work performance in a constructive way and in accordance with any workplace policies or agreements
• informing a worker about inappropriate behaviour in an objective and confidential way
• implementing organisational changes or restructuring, and
• performance management processes.

8. Steps to Prevent Workplace Bullying

APIC will take all reasonable steps to prevent bullying through a risk management process. This process includes:

• identification of bullying risk factors- these are things and situations which could contribute to bullying such as the way in which staff are managed, or organisational change such as redundancies (refer to the common risk factors set out below);
• assessment of the likelihood of bullying occurring from the risk factors identified and their potential impact on the workers or workplace;
• eliminating the risks, as far as reasonable practicable, or controlling, or minimising, them as far as reasonable practicable;
• reviewing the effectiveness of the control methods put in place and the process generally; and
• training workers about bullying, how to deal with it and its impact on the workplace.

9. Reporting Workplace Bullying

When you are being bullied it's important that you know there are things you can do and people who can help. You have the right to be in a safe workplace free from violence, harassment and bullying.

Bullying may also be discrimination if it is because of your age, sex, pregnancy, race, disability, sexual orientation, religion or certain other reasons. Sexual harassment and racial hatred are also against the law.

We all have a moral responsibility to help create a positive, safe workplace. If you or someone in your workplace is experiencing harassment or bullying, there are steps you can take to solve it.

If you feel that you have been bullied, you should not ignore it.

• APIC has a process for making a complaint and resolving disputes (see the Staff Grievance Policy), which might include a warning, requiring the bully to have counselling, a mediation process, or even firing the bully if the situation continues. The person to talk to in the first instance might be your supervisor/line-manager, or the HR Manager.
• Keep a diary. Documenting everything that happens, including what you've done to try stopping it. This can help if you make a complaint;
• Get support from someone you trust;
• If you feel safe and confident, you can approach the person who is bullying you and tell them that their behaviour is unwanted and not acceptable. If you are unsure how to approach them, you might be able to get advice from a colleague or line-manager; and
• if the situation has not changed after complaining to your line-manager, or if there is not anyone you can safely talk to at work you can get outside information and advice.

If you have made a complaint to your line-manager or others at APIC and feel that there have not been adequate steps taken to stop the bullying, there are a number of other options that you can take to get help.

When to contact the police

If bullying is violent or threatening it may be a criminal offense and you should contact the police immediately call 000

If the situation in not urgent you can call 131 444 for all states and territories except for Victoria where you will need to visit your local police station.
Making a complaint about workplace bullying to the Australian Human Rights Commission

If you are being bullied, harassed or discriminated against because of your race, sex, age, sexual orientation, religion or because you have a disability or are pregnant you can also contact the Australian Human Rights Commission. Call 1300 656 419 or http://www.humanrights.gov.au/complaints_information/young_people.html

The Commonwealth Fairwork Ombudsman can provide information and advice about Australia’s workplace rights and rules and the protection you have against harassment and discrimination. Call 131394 or https://www.fairwork.gov.au/employee-entitlements/bullying-and-harassment

You can also report bullying incidences to the state and territory work health and safety authorities.

10. Breaches of this Policy

APIC takes very seriously its commitment to providing a safe and healthy work environment, free from bullying. All employees are required to comply with this policy.

If an employee breaches this policy, they may be subject to disciplinary action. In serious cases this may include termination of employment. Agents and contractors (including temporary contractors) who are found to have breached this Policy may have their contracts with APIC terminated or not renewed.

If a person makes a false complaint, or a complaint in bad faith (e.g. making up a complaint to get someone else in trouble, or making a complaint where there is no foundation for the complaint), that person may be disciplined and or have their employment terminated.

11. Document Change Control

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<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Change Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Author</th>
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<td>1.0</td>
<td>Policy Review Cycle update</td>
<td>15 December 2016</td>
<td>Corinne Green</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>Hyperlinks updated</td>
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<td>Corinne Green</td>
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